Ohio's Learning Standards are the defacto curriculum for ELA 6 with the goal of student mastery of those Standards using multiple and varied literary/informational texts, tools, and strategies. The sequence of this older curriculum unit is NOT meant to be prescriptive. These older resources can provide multiple ideas for teaching the Standards for student mastery, but are aligned to Ohio's Learning Standards before the 2017 revisions and Ohio's State Tests. Please DO NOT adhere to the protocols of the past reflected in these older resources where each nine-week unit culminated in a writing. Instead, reading and writing should be integrated throughout ELA instruction, and not treated as isolated activities. Students should be reading and writing routinely (daily/weekly), not just reading one novel and producing one writing per quarter. Thus, feel free to pull ideas from these older resources to help students master Standards without being caught up in having to "cover" items you find in those resources. CCS strongly encourages the implementation of a Writers/Readers Workshop model for routine reading and writing instruction which you can find out more about HERE (pages 3-4) and HERE.

Contents: Grade 6, Is Conflict Always Bad Unit

Big Questions: Is Conflict Always Bad?, What's Important to Know?

Fiction (6 selections)

"Zlateh the Goat" **OR** "The Old Woman Who Lived with the Wolves"

"Becky and the Wheels-and-Brake Boys"

"The Southpaw"

"The Circuit" **OR** "The All-American Slurp"

"The Fun They Had"

"Feathered Friend"

Nonfiction (2 selections)

"Race to the End of the Earth"

"Gold Rush: The Journey by Land"

Novel/Nonfiction

The Great Fire (nonfiction)

Optional Informative/Explanatory Prompt: Causes and Effects of the Chicago Fire

What is important to know? After reading *The Great Fire* on the Chicago Fire of 1871, write an essay that examines the causes of the fire's mass destruction and explains the effects the fire had on the city of Chicago. What conclusions or implications can you draw? Support your answer with evidence from the text. (Informational/Explanatory)

COLUMBUS CITY SCHOOLS ELA GRADE 6

resolution

- Argumentative Speech
- Principal parts of verbs

a. Apply **RL6.9** standard.

Language: Conventions of Standard English

L.6.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Language: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

L.6.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. b. Use common, grade appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., audience, auditory, audible).

Unit 2 Resources pp. 62-98

- Reading Warm-ups pp. 64-65 **OR** pp. 82-83
- Vocabulary Warm-ups pp. 62-63 **OR** pp. 80-81
- Writing About the Big Question p. 66 **OR** p. 84
- Vocabulary Builder p. 69 **OR** p. 87
- Reading: Use Prior Knowledge to Make Inferences p. 67 **OR** p.85
- Literary Analysis: Conflict and Resolution p. 68 **OR** p. 86
- Enrichment: A map of Poland p.70 **OR** Reintroducing Wolves p. 88
- Integrated Language Skills: Grammar p. 89
- **Integrated Language Skills:** Research p. 90
- Open-Book Test pp. 71-73 **OR** pp. 92-94
- Selection Test A pp. 74-76 **OR** pp. 95-97
- Selection Test B pp. 77-79 **OR** pp. 98-100

Graphic Organizers and Bellringers

- Graphic Organizers pp. 45-50
- Bellringers Days 1-5 pp. 16-

Professional Development Guidebook

• Vocab-o-Gram pp. 39-40

Write Source/eEdition

• Principal Parts of Verbs p.

Inferences Open-Book Test

- Selection Test A
 - Selection Test B
 - Self-test

https://secure.greatsource.com/eservi c esadmin/gslogin.do

481 and p. 722

			Skills Book Verbs pp.141-158 Technology Interactive Digital Pathway Get Connected Video The Big Question Meet the Author Background Video Vocabulary Central Interactive Journals Interactive Graphic Organizers Self-test Grammar Tutorial Interactive Vocabulary Games	
The Big Question: Is conflict always bad? Selections: "Becky and the Wheels-and-Brake Boys?" (630L) AND "The Southpaw"? (650L) Writing Text Form: Comparing and Contrasting Essay Standards: Reading for Literature;	Week 2 Periods: 5	Reading for Literature: Key Ideas and Details RL.6.1 Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. RL.6.3 Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves towards resolution. Reading for Literature: Craft and	Textbook (hard copy or eBook) Literature: Language and Literacy www.pearsonsuccessnet.com Comparing Characters' Motives p. 250 Vocabulary p. 250 Think Aloud p. 250 Writing About the Big Question p. 251 Meet the Authors p. 251 Becky and the Wheels –and- Brake Boys'' pp. 252-259 The Southpaw'' pp. 260-262 After you Read p. 263 Writing to Compare	Reading Literature/ Informational Text Reading Warm-ups Guided or Independent Reading Critical Thinking Writing Bellringers Writing About the Big Question Writing to Compare Literary Works Speaking and Listening
Writing Skills: Fiction Nonfiction Text Features Critical Comparisons Author's Technique Irregular Verbs		RL.6.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone. Writing: Text Types and Purposes W.6.2 Write informative/explanatory	Literary Works Unit 2 Resources pp. 101-117 Vocabulary Warm-ups pp. 101-102 Reading Warm-ups pp. 103-104 Writing About the Big Question p. 105 Comparing Characters' Traits and Motives p. 106	Class Discussions Think Aloud: Context Clues Language Vocabulary Warm- ups Vocabulary Builder Vocabulary Knowledge Rating

• Context Clues		texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content. a. Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.	 Vocabulary Builder p. 107 Support for Writing an Essay p. 108 Open-Book Test pp. 109-111 Selection Test A pp. 112-114 Selection Test B pp. 115-117 Benchmark Test 3 p.120 Graphic Organizers and Bellringers Graphic Organizers pp. 51-55 Bellringers Days 1-3 p. 20 Professional Development Guidebook Vocabulary Knowledge Rating Chart pp. 32-33 Anticipation Guide pp. 36-38 Word Forms pp. 41-42 Technology Interactive Digital Pathway Vocabulary Flashcards Interactive Journals More about the Authors Selection Audio Interactive Graphic Organizers 	Chart Word Form Chart Vocabulary Central Vocabulary Music Games Worksheets Assessments Selection Test A Selection Test B Open-Book Test Benchmark Test 3 Rubrics for Writing Self -Assessment
The Big Question: Is conflict always bad? Selections: "The Circuit" (730L) OR "The All-American Slurp" (870L) Writing Text Form: Descriptive Standards: Reading for Literature; Writing; Speaking and Listening; Language	Weeks 3 - 4 Periods: 5	Reading for Literature: Key Ideas and Details RL.6.1 Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. RL.6.2 Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments. Writing: Text Forms and Purposes W.6.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant	Textbook (hard copy or eBook) Literature: Language and Literacy Time and Resource Manager p. 270a-d Before You Read p. 270 Draw Conclusions Theme Theme Map Writing About the Big Question p. 272 OR p. 284 Vocabulary and Word Study p. 272 OR p. 284 Meet the Author p. 273 OR p. 285 The Circuit' pp. 274-282 OR "The All-American Slurp' pp. 286-296	Reading Literature/ Informational Text Reading Warm-up Guided or Independent Reading Critical Thinking Writing Bellringers Writing About the Big Question Writing a Character Description Writing an Interview Speaking and Listening Discussion Guide

Grade 6 Page 4 of 12

Columbus City Schools 10/1/2013

Skills:

- Theme
- Drawing Conclusions
- Verb Tenses
- Writing a Character Description
- Writing an Interview
- Comparing Texts

descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.

b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters

Speaking and Listening: Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

SL.6.4 Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.

Language: Conventions of Standard English

L.6.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.

Language: Vocabulary Acquisition and Use

L.6.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on *grade 6 reading and content*, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. b. Use common, grade appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (*e.g.*, *audience*, *auditory*, *audible*).

- After You Read p. 283 OR p. 297 - Draw Conclusions & Theme
- Integrated Language Skills: Grammar: Simple Verb Tenses pp. 298-299
- Integrated Language Skills: Write a Description of a Character
- Integrated Language Skills: Listening and Speaking
- Test Practice: Reading— Draw Conclusions pp. 332-333
- Writing for Assessment: Comparing Texts p. 332

Unit 2 Resources pp. 127-165

- Vocabulary Warm-ups pp. 127-128 **OR** pp. 145-146
- Reading Warm-ups pp. 129-130 **OR** pp. 147-148
- Writing About the Big Question p. 131 **OR** p. 149
- Reading: Ask Questions to Identify Supporting Details p. 132 OR p. 150
- Literary Analysis: Theme p. 133 OR p. 151
- Vocabulary Builder p. 134 **OR** p. 152
- Grammar: Verbs p. 154
- Support for Writing a Character Description p. 155
- Open-Book Test pp. 136-138
 OR pp. 157-159
- Selection Test A pp. 139-141
 OR pp. 160-162
- Selection Test B pp. 142-144 OR pp. 163-165

Graphic Organizers and Bellringers

Graphic Organizers p. 56 OR
 p. 57, p. 58, pp. 59-60 OR
 pp. 61-62

- Class Discussions
- Interview
- Comparing Texts

Language

- Vocabulary Warmups
- Vocabulary and Word Study
- Vocabulary Builder

Vocabulary Central

- Vocabulary
- Music
- Games
- Worksheets

Assessments

- Test Practice: Reading—Draw Conclusions
- Writing for Assessment: Comparing Texts
- Open-Book Test
- Selection Test A
- Selection Test B
- Self-test

			Bellringers Days 1-5 pp. 22-23 Professional Development Guidebook Discussion Guide p. 65 Textbook (hard copy or eBook) Literature: Language and Literacy Writing Workshop—Exposition: Cause and Effect pp. 800 - 807 Write Source/eEdition https://secure.greatsource.com/eservicesadmin/gslogin.do Descriptive Writing "Writing About a Person" p. 532 Verb Tenses pp. 482-483 Skills Book Verbs pp.141-158 Technology Interactive Digital Pathway Selection Audio Get Connected Video Background Video Background Video More About the Author Vocabulary Flashcards Interactive Journals Interactive Graphic Organizers Self-test Internet Activity Grammar Tutorial Interactive Vocabulary	
The Big Question: What is important to know? Novel Unit: The Great Fire	Weeks 4 - 8 Periods: 17	Reading for Informational Text: Key Ideas and Details RI.6.1 Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.	Novel Unit: The Great Fire Novel Study The Great Fire Novel Unit in curriculum guide	Reading Literature/ Informational Text

Writing Text Form:

Informational/Explanatory

Writing Prompt: What is important to know? After reading *The Great Fire* on the Chicago Fire of 1871, write an essay that examines the causes of the fire's mass destruction and explains the effects the fire had on the City of Chicago. What conclusions or implications can you draw? Support your answer with evidence from the text. (Informational/Explanatory)

Standards:

Reading for Informational Text; Writing; Speaking and Listening; Language **RI.6.2** Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.

Reading for Informational Text: Craft and Structure

RI.6.4 Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings.
RI.6.5 Analyze in detail the structure of a specific paragraph in a text, including the role of particular sentences in developing and refining a key concept.

Reading for Informational Text: Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

RI.6.7 Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.

Writing: Text Types and Purposes

W.6.2 Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
a. Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details,

quotations, or other information and

c. Use appropriate transitions to

examples.

Writing Prompt: What is important to know? After reading *The Great Fire* on the Chicago Fire of 1871, write an essay that examines the causes of the fire's mass destruction and explains the effects the fire had on the City of Chicago. What conclusions or implications can you draw? Support your answer with evidence from the text. (Informational/Explanatory)

Write Source/eEdition
https://secure.greatsource.com/eservicesadmin/gslogin.do

- The Writing Process pp.4-32 Beginning Paragraphs p. 394
- Middle Paragraphs pp. 396 –
- 397 Ending Paragraphs p. 398
- Revising p. 402
- Primary and Secondary
- Sources pp. 364 365

- Author Information
- Genre
- Cause and Effect
- Comparing Original Text to a Summary Alternative
- Graphic Organizers

Writing

- Portfolio Prompt
- The Writing Process
- Compare and Contrast
- Text-Dependent Questions

Speaking and Listening

- Class Discussions
- Discussion Questions

Language

- Metaphors and Similes
- Personification

Assessments

- Alternative
 Assessments/ Rubrics
 and Checklists
- Unit Test
- Portfolio Assessment

clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. d. Use precise language and domainspecific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. e. Establish and maintain a formal f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented. Writing: Production and **Distribution of Writing** W.6.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectation for writing type is defined above.) W.6.5 With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 6.) Writing: Research to Build and **Present Knowledge W.6.9** Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. b. Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not").

SL.6.4 Present claims and findings,

sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation. **SL.6.5** Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify meaning. **SL.6.6** Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. **Language: Conventions of Standard English L.6.2** Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. a. Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements. b. Spell correctly. **Language: Vocabulary Acquisition** and Use **L.6.4** Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., audience, auditory, audible). c. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses),

both print and digital, to find the

Is conflict always bad? Periods: 5 and Details Literature: Language and Literacy Informational Text	The Big Question: Is conflict always bad? Selections: Informational Texts "Race to the End of the Earth" AND "Gold Rush: The Journey by Land" Writing Text Form: Expository Standards: Reading for Informational Text Skills: Summarize Draw Conclusion Informational Text Comparing Text Text The Big Question:	Week 8 Periods: 3	pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech. d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary). Reading for Informational Text: Key Ideas and Details RI.6.1 Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. RI.6.2 Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.	Textbook (hard copy or eBook) Literature: Language and Literacy www.pearsonsuccessnet.com Reading Skill: Analyze Compare-and-Contrast Organization p. 334 Think Aloud pp. 338, 340 The Big Question p. 334 AND p. 338 "Race to the End of the Earth" pp. 335-338 AND "Gold Rush: The Journey by Land" pp. 339-340 Vocabulary Development p. 336 Test Practice: Informational Text p. 341 Timed Writing: Write a Comparison Essay p. 341 Graphic Organizers and Bellringers Graphic Organizers and Bellringers Graphic Organizers p. 212 Bellringers—Days 1 & 2 p. 24 Write Source/eEdition https://secure.greatsource.com/eserv i cesadmin/gslogin.do Using a Venn Diagram pp. 448, 537	Reading Literature/ Informational Text
Selections: Comparing Literary Works Support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn • Comparing Literary Works p. 342 • Comparing Literary Works Independent Readi	Is conflict always bad? Selections:		and Details RL.6.1 Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says	Literature: Language and Literacy www.pearsonsuccessnet.com • Comparing Literary Works	Informational Text • Reading Warm-ups

AND "Feathered Friend" (1100L)

Writing Text Form:

Writing an Essay to Compare Literary Works

Standards:

Reading for Literature; Writing

Skills:

- Critical Comparisons Across Text
- Literal and Implied Content of Text
- Comparing Setting and Theme
- Writing to Compare

Reading for Literature: Craft and Structure

RL.6.5 Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of theme, setting, or plot.

Writing: Research to Build and Present Knowledge

W.6.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

a. Apply RL6.9 standard.

- Think Aloud p. 342
- Writing About the Big Question p. 343
- Meet the Authors p. 343
- "The Fun They Had" pp. 344-347
- "Feathered Friend" pp. 348-352
- After You Read p. 353
 Comparing Setting and
 Theme
 Writing to Compare
 Literary Works
- Applying the Big Question pp. 362-363
- Connecting to the Big Question using Independent Reading p. 367
- Test Practice: Unit 2 Review pp. 368-373

Unit 2 Resources 4, pp. 205-235

- Applying the Big Question p. 4
- Vocabulary Warm-ups pp. 205-206
- Reading Warm-ups pp. 207-208
- Writing About the Big Question p. 209
- Literary Analysis: Comparing Setting and Theme p. 210
- Vocabulary Builder p. 211
- Support for Writing an Essay p. 212
- Open-Book Test pp. 213-215
- Selection Test A pp. 216-218
- Selection Test B pp. 219-221
- Integrating Grammar Skills: Maintain Verb Tense p. 223
- Benchmark Test pp. 227-235

• Critical Thinking

Writing

- Bellringers
 - Writing About the Big Question
 - Writing to Compare

Speaking and Listening

- Think Aloud
- Class Discussions

Language

- Vocabulary Warmups
- Vocabulary Builder

Vocabulary Central

- Vocabulary
- Music
- Games
- Worksheets

Assessments

- Test Practice: Unit 2 Review pp. 368-373
- Open Book Test
 - Selection Test A
 - Selection Test B
 - Self-test
 - Benchmark Test

Graphic Organizers and Bellringers

• Graphic Organizers pp. 70-

Interactive Vocabulary Games
Illustrated Vocabulary Words
Author Video: Rewards of Writing
Author Video: Writing Process
Interactive Graphic Organizers
Selection Audio
 Interactive Journals More About the Authors
Interactive Digital Pathway◆ Vocabulary Flashcards
Technology
448, 537
<u>i cesadmin/gslogin.do</u> ■ Using a Venn Diagram pp.
Write Source/eEdition https://secure.greatsource.com/eserv
• Literature Circles pp. 47-49
Professional Development Guidebook
• Bellringers—Days 3-5 pp. 24-25
73, 212

^{*} This pacing guide is based on 52 minute periods and should be adjusted to fit alternative schedules.